

Tree Ordinance Update: An Overview

Planning Commission Briefing

Prepared by Dudek Inc. Presented by Bharat Singh, Planning Services Manager July 10, 2024



Why Update the Tree Ordinance?

- Community concerns: increased construction impacting trees
- Consolidate Significant and Heritage Tree Ordinances
- Clear process for tree removal and trimming
 - Development vs. non-development
- Equitable enforcement costs for unincorporated communities
- Align with other environmental and development requirements





Community Involvement





Community Involvement

Feedback received and addressed:

- Variety in County landscapes call for different tree regulations
- Clarify definitions
- Applicants express challenges with inconsistencies in ordinance interpretation between individual planners
- Resources needed for measuring trees, determining species, basic tree care
- Arborist report template needed
- Evaluate replacement requirements and in-lieu fees



Summary of Changes - Protected Trees

- All trees >12.1" DSH*
 - Undesirable species are excluded (invasive, fire risk)
- Heritage Trees
- Mitigation trees, trees retained by permit conditions, etc.
- A community of trees
- Protected indigenous trees

* Tree size is stated as DSH (diameter at standard height), which is a trunk diameter measurement taken at 4.5 feet above ground



Summary of Changes – Protected Indigenous Trees

- Species-specific protections
- Replant with same species when appropriate

		Minimum Trunk Diameter (measured at 4.5 feet above natural ground
Botanical name	Common Name	height)
Arbutus menziesii	Pacific madrone	10 inches
Aesculus californica	California Buckeye	10 inches
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas fir	18 inches
Quercus agrifolia	Coast live oak	10 inches
Quercus chrysolepis	Canyon live oak	10 inches
Quercus douglasii	Blue oak	10 inches
Quercus parvula var. shrevei	Shreve Oak	10 inches
Quercus garryana	Oregon white oak	Any Size
Quercus kellogii	Black oak	10 inches
Quercus lobata	Valley oak	10 inches
Quercus wislizenii	Interior live oak	10 inches
Salix lasiolepis, Salix laevigata,	Willow	Any size in riparian
Salix lasiandra, Salix sitchensis		corridors; six inch or larger
		"trunks" outside riparian
		corridors
Sequoia sempervirens	Redwood	18 inches

Table 3.1 Protected Indigenous Trees

Summary of Changes – Pruning Permits

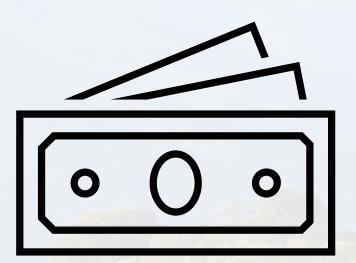
- Branches greater than 6" diameter on Protected indigenous tree
- Any size branch on oak trees with trunks >30" diameter
- Pruning Heritage trees

Patanias name	Common Name	Minimum Trunk Diameter (measured at 4.5 feet above natural ground			
Botanical name	Common Name	height)			
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Aesculus californica	California Buckeye	10 inches			
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		corridors			
Sequoia sempervirens	Redwood	18 inches			

Table 3.1 Protected Indigenous Trees

Summary of Changes - In-lieu fee

- When replacing the tree(s) is not appropriate
- Flat fee: \$3,345.00 per tree
- County Tree Replacement Fund
 - Supports urban forest management program
 - Tree plantings, replacements
 - Public or Private property





Summary of Changes - In-lieu fee

Description	Cost	
24" box tree (average cost across NorCal nurseries)	\$ 225	
Three-year establishment care and maintenance, including planting, watering,		
and pruning.		
- Assumptions	• • • • •	
 Labor rate: \$200/hr 	\$ 1,120	
 Time per tree to prune: 0.75 hr 		
 Ensure planting site is viable 		
 Equipment for staking, moving trees, etc. 		
Pruning maintenance, twice during the first 10 years		-
- Assumptions		
 Labor rate: \$200/hr 	\$1,000	
 Number of laborers: 2 	\$1,600	
 Time per tree to prune: 2 hr 		
 Focus on structural pruning 		And Alle
40-year ecosystem services lost		
- Assumptions		
 Including the loss of ecosystem services that come from tree removals helps offset the extra burden on infrastructure like stormwater, heat reduction, etc. 	\$ 400	
 Generated using i-Tree 		The second
Tota	II \$ 3,345	



Summary of Changes – Required Findings

Required Findings

- · Diseased or declining
- · Hazard trees
- Removal of tree creates improved growing conditions for tree of higher value
- Causing damage to infrastructure
- Interference with utility services
- Geologic hazards

Additional findings with development

- Existing tree plan and Tree Protection Plan
- No feasible alternative building site
- No more than 50% of existing canopy is lost on the property*



Summary of Changes – Other Changes

- Expedited Tree Permit
 - Undesirable species
 - 17-taxa list includes Acacia, Ailanthus (Tree of Heaven), Eucalyptus

- Tree replacement table
 - Replacement dependent on canopy size of removed tree

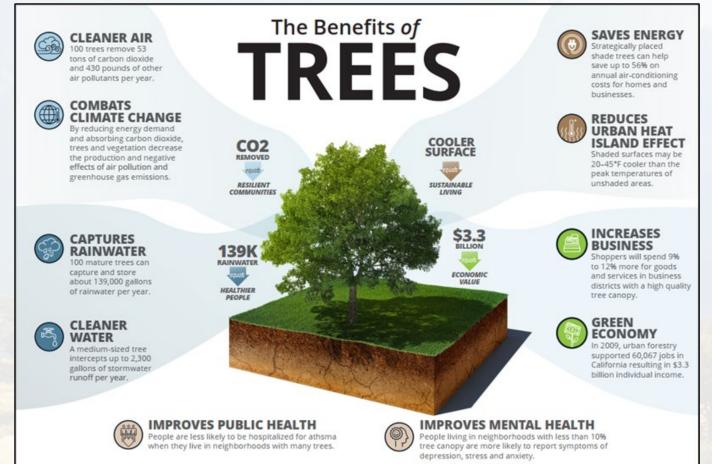


Summary of Changes – Updated Tree list

										Appropriate Planting Habitat			
Common Name So	Scientific Name	Tree Stature	re Foliage Type ¹	Mature height (ft)	Canopy spread at maturity (ft)	Planting area (ft)	Protected Indigenous Tree	Overhead utility friendly	Water Use Rating ²	Wetland/Riparian	Oak woodland	Forest	Urban/Street Tree
				California	Native Tre	es							
			4	ft Planter Well	or Similar Smal	l Space							
California lilac	Ceanothus thyrsiflorus	Small	E	15	20	4		✓	Low			\checkmark	
Manzanita	Arctostaphylos manzanita	Small	E	15	10	4		✓	Very low				\checkmark
Western redbud	Cercis occidentalis	Small	D	25	20	4		✓	Very low			\checkmark	
			-	4-7 ft	t Parkway			-	-				
Arroyo willow	Salix lasiolepis	Medium	D	40	25	4-7	\checkmark		High	\checkmark			
California buckeye	Aesculus californica	Medium	D	25	20-30	4-7	\checkmark	✓	Very low		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Pinyon pine	Pinus edulis	Small	С	40	25	4-7		✓	Low				\checkmark
Toyon	Heteromeles arbutifolia	Small	E	25	15	4-7		✓	Low		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Wax myrtle	Morella californica	Small	E	30	30	4-7			Moderate			\checkmark	
				8+ ft Pakwa	ay, Yard, or Par	k				1			
Black oak	Quercus kelloggii	Large	D	70	50	>8	✓		Low		✓		
Blue oak	Quercus douglasii	Large	E	70	50	>8	✓		Very low		✓	\checkmark	
Canyon live oak	Quercus chrysolepis	Large	E	70	30	>8	✓		Very low		✓		
Coast live oak	Quercus agrifolia	Large	E	70	70	>8	\checkmark		Very low		\checkmark		
Coast redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	Very Large	E	200	100	>8	\checkmark		High	✓		\checkmark	
Interior live oak	Quercus wislizeni	Large	E	70	80	>8			Very low		\checkmark		ļ,
Oregon white oak	Quercus garryana	Very Large	D	90	60	>8	✓		Low		✓		
Pacific madrone	Arbutus menziesii	Large	E	70	50	>8	✓		Low			\checkmark	
Red willow	Salix laevigata	Medium	D	50	35	>8	\checkmark		High				
Valley oak	Quercus lobata	Large	D	70	50	>8	\checkmark		Low		\checkmark		

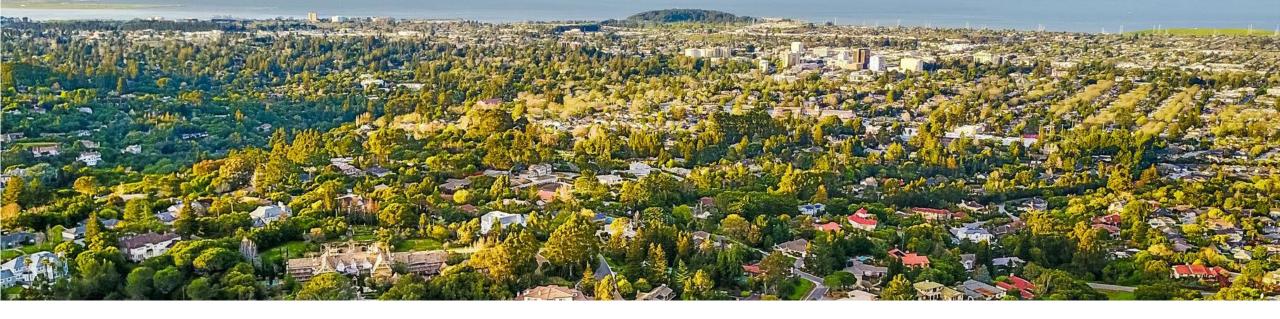
Companion Website - sanmateocountytrees.org

- Why are trees protected?
- Arborist report template
- Basic resources for tree care
- Interactive survey: Do I need a Permit?
 - Zoning district
 - Type of work
 - Tree species and size



Tentative Schedule

May 28	Presentation to County Planning Staff				
June 21	Public Release of the updated ordinance and associated website. Solicit feedback via website/email and at Community Council presentations.				
Week of July 22	NFOCC and MCC presentations/feedback				
August/Sept 2024	PC Hearing				
October 8	BOS Hearing				
TBD	Coastal Commission Hearing regarding application of the updated ordinance in the coastal zone. (Updated ordinance to go into effect for all non-coastal unincorporated areas 30 days after BOS adoption.)				



Thank You

sanmateocountytrees.org



