

Tree Ordinance Update: An Overview

North Fair Oak Community Council Briefing

Prepared by Dudek Inc.

Presented by Bharat Singh, Planning Services Manager

July 25, 2024

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO



Why Update the Tree Ordinance?

- Community concerns: increased construction impacting trees
- Consolidate Significant and Heritage Tree Ordinances
- Clear process for tree removal and trimming
 - Development vs. non-development
- Equitable enforcement costs for unincorporated communities
- Align with other environmental and development requirements



Community Involvement



Community Involvement

Feedback received and addressed:

- Variety in County landscapes call for different tree regulations
- Clarify definitions
- Applicants express challenges with inconsistencies in ordinance interpretation between individual planners
- Resources needed for measuring trees, determining species, basic tree care
- Arborist report template needed
- Evaluate replacement requirements and in-lieu fees

Summary of Changes - Protected Trees

- All trees >12.1" DSH*
 - Undesirable species are excluded (invasive, fire risk)
- Heritage Trees
- Mitigation trees, trees retained by permit conditions, etc.
- A community of trees
- Protected indigenous trees

^{*} Tree size is stated as DSH (diameter at standard height), which is a trunk diameter measurement taken at 4.5 feet above ground

Summary of Changes – Protected Indigenous Trees

- Species-specific protections
- Replant with same species when appropriate

Table 3.1 Protected Indigenous Trees						
Botanical name	Common Name	Minimum Trunk Diameter (measured at 4.5 feet above natural ground height)				
Arbutus menziesii	Pacific madrone	10 inches				
Aesculus californica	California Buckeye	10 inches				
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas fir	18 inches				
Quercus agrifolia	Coast live oak	10 inches				
Quercus chrysolepis	Canyon live oak	10 inches				
Quercus douglasii	Blue oak	10 inches				
Quercus parvula var. shrevei	Shreve Oak	10 inches				
Quercus garryana	Oregon white oak	Any Size				
Quercus kellogii	Black oak	10 inches				
Quercus lobata	Valley oak	10 inches				
Quercus wislizenii	Interior live oak	10 inches				
Salix lasiolepis, Salix laevigata,	Willow	Any size in riparian				
Salix lasiandra, Salix sitchensis		corridors; six inch or larger				
		"trunks" outside riparian				
		corridors				
Sequoia sempervirens	Redwood	18 inches				

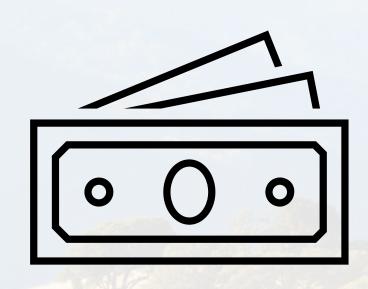
Summary of Changes – Pruning Permits

- Branches greater than 6" diameter on Protected indigenous tree
- Any size branch on oak trees with trunks >30" diameter
- Pruning Heritage trees

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Summary of Changes - In-lieu fee

- When replacing the tree(s) is not appropriate
- Flat fee: \$3,345.00 per tree
- County Tree Replacement Fund
 - Supports urban forest management program
 - Tree plantings, replacements
 - Public or Private property



Summary of Changes - In-lieu fee

Description	Cost
24" box tree (average cost across NorCal nurseries)	\$ 225
Three-year establishment care and maintenance, including planting, watering,	
and pruning.	
- Assumptions	
o Labor rate: \$200/hr	\$ 1,120
 Time per tree to prune: 0.75 hr 	
 Ensure planting site is viable 	
 Equipment for staking, moving trees, etc. 	
Pruning maintenance, twice during the first 10 years	
- Assumptions	
o Labor rate: \$200/hr	\$1,600
 Number of laborers: 2 	Ψ1,000
 Time per tree to prune: 2 hr 	
Focus on structural pruning	
40-year ecosystem services lost	
- Assumptions	
 Including the loss of ecosystem services that come from tree 	\$ 400
removals helps offset the extra burden on infrastructure like	Ψ 400
stormwater, heat reduction, etc.	
Generated using i-Tree	
Total	\$ 3,345

Summary of Changes – Required Findings

Required Findings

- Diseased or declining
- Hazard trees
- Removal of tree creates improved growing conditions for tree of higher value
- Causing damage to infrastructure
- Interference with utility services
- Geologic hazards

Additional findings with development

- Existing tree plan and Tree Protection Plan
- No feasible alternative building site
- No more than 50% of existing canopy is lost on the property*



Summary of Changes - In-lieu fee

- Expedited Tree Permit
 - Undesirable species
 - 17-taxa list includes Acacia, Ailanthus (Tree of Heaven), Eucalyptus

- Tree replacement table
 - Replacement dependent on canopy size of removed tree

Summary of Changes – Updated Tree list

										Appropriate Planting Habitat			
Common Name	Scientific Name	Tree Stature	Foliage Type ¹	Mature height (ft)	Canopy spread at maturity (ft)	Planting area (ft)	Protected Indigenous Tree	Overhead utility friendly	Water Use Rating ²	Wetland/Riparian	Oak woodland	Forest	Urban/Street Tree
				California	Native Tre	ees							
			4	ft Planter Well	or Similar Smal	l Space							
California lilac	Ceanothus thyrsiflorus	Small	E	15	20	4		✓	Low			✓	
Manzanita	Arctostaphylos manzanita	Small	E	15	10	4		✓	Very low				✓
Western redbud	Cercis occidentalis	Small	D	25	20	4		✓	Very low			✓	
				4-7 ft	Parkway								
Arroyo willow	Salix lasiolepis	Medium	D	40	25	4-7	✓		High	✓			
California buckeye	Aesculus californica	Medium	D	25	20-30	4-7	✓	✓	Very low		✓	✓	✓
Pinyon pine	Pinus edulis	Small	С	40	25	4-7		✓	Low				✓
Toyon	Heteromeles arbutifolia	Small	E	25	15	4-7		✓	Low		✓	✓	✓
Wax myrtle	Morella californica	Small	E	30	30	4-7			Moderate			✓	
				8+ ft Pakwa	y, Yard, or Par	k							
Black oak	Quercus kelloggii	Large	D	70	50	>8	✓		Low		✓		
Blue oak	Quercus douglasii	Large	E	70	50	>8	✓		Very low		✓	✓	
Canyon live oak	Quercus chrysolepis	Large	E	70	30	>8	✓		Very low		✓		
Coast live oak	Quercus agrifolia	Large	E	70	70	>8	✓		Very low		✓		
Coast redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	Very Large	E	200	100	>8	✓		High	✓		✓	
Interior live oak	Quercus wislizeni	Large	Е	70	80	>8			Very low		✓		
Oregon white oak	Quercus garryana	Very Large	D	90	60	>8	✓		Low		✓		
Pacific madrone	Arbutus menziesii	Large	Е	70	50	>8	✓		Low			✓	
Red willow	Salix laevigata	Medium	D	50	35	>8	✓		High				
Valley oak	Quercus lobata	Large	D	70	50	>8	✓		Low		✓		

Companion Website - sanmateocountytrees.org

- Why are trees protected?
- Arborist report template
- Basic resources for tree care
- Interactive survey: Do I need a Permit?
 - Zoning district
 - Type of work
 - Tree species and size



Public Comments and Responses

- The comment period for the ordinance update opened <u>June 23 and closes July 31, 2024</u>
- Staff will review comments received during presentations to the MCC & NFOCC.
- The County has received several public comments so far.
- The County values this feedback and is currently working to address the concerns raised.
- A summary document with responses to these public comments will be created and
 posted to the County's project website 10 days prior to the presentation to the Planning
 Commission for recommendation to the Board.

- Tree removal application includes:
 - Removals:
 - 2 Douglas Fir Trees, one **10**" DSH, one **28**" DSH

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• 10": Exempt

28": Permit needed

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- Tree removal application not associated with development
- An applicant would like to remove several trees on their property including:
 - 10 Italian Cypress, averaging 12" DSH
 - Row of trees growing along the fence line
 - 1 California black oak, 10" DSH
 - located in rear of lot (cavities at base and signs of decline in canopy. Fungal conks at base of tree)
 - 2 Glossy privet
 - growing within 5' of the primary dwelling structure (deemed out of compliance with local fire district's defensible space regulations).

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Expedited Permit

- Protected indigenous
 - Permit needed

Exempt: Defensible Space

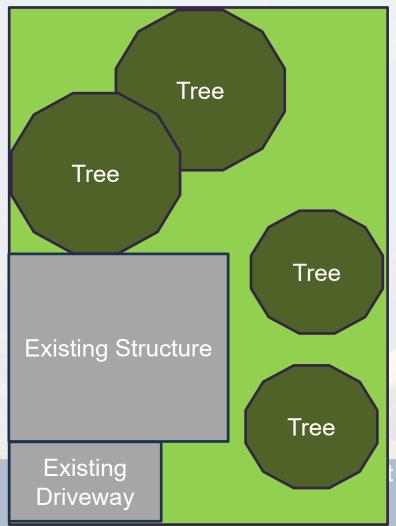


- Removal associated with a home redevelopment
- Wooded lot (oak-bay woodland)
- Canopy coverage is approximately 60% of the buildable area of the parcel.
- Existing canopy gaps over driveway and roof of existing home (half the size of maximum allowable square footage).

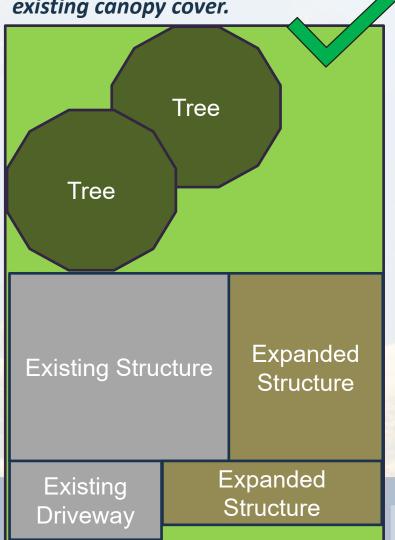


Scenario 3 - Preserving 50% Tree Canopy for Development projects

<u>Parcel with existing structure</u> that is half the size of max allowable square footage & has 60% canopy cover.



Acceptable home redevelopment plan which maintains ≥ 50% of existing canopy cover.



Unacceptable home redevelopment plan which removes more than 50% of existing canopy cover. Expanded Structure Tree **Existing Structure** Tree Existing Driveway

Tentative Schedule

May 28	Presentation to County Planning Staff			
June 21	Public Release of the updated ordinance and associated website. Solicit feedback via website/email and at Community Council presentations.			
Week of July 22	NFOCC and MCC presentations/feedback			
August/Sept 2024	PC Hearing			
October 8	BOS Hearing			
TBD	Coastal Commission Hearing regarding application of the updated ordinance in the coastal zone. (Updated ordinance to go into effect for all non-coastal unincorporated areas 30 days after BOS adoption.)			



Thank You

sanmateocountytrees.org

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO

