

# Pescadero Community Water System (County Service Area No. 11)

**Public Meeting** 

Pescadero Elementary School October 19, 2011 6:30 PM



#### **Agenda**

- 1. History & Operations of CSA-11
- 2. August 2011 Water Outage
- 3. Findings
- 4. System Performance
- 5. Financial State of CSA-11
- 6. Water Rates
- 7. Rate Setting Process
- 8. Options for Service Provision
- 9. Questions and Comments



- ➤ October 13, 1987 Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 49690 requesting LAFCo to undertake proceedings for the formation of CSA-11.
- ➤ January 12, 1988 Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 49999 establishing CSA-11.
  - Enabling legislation California Government Code Section 25210



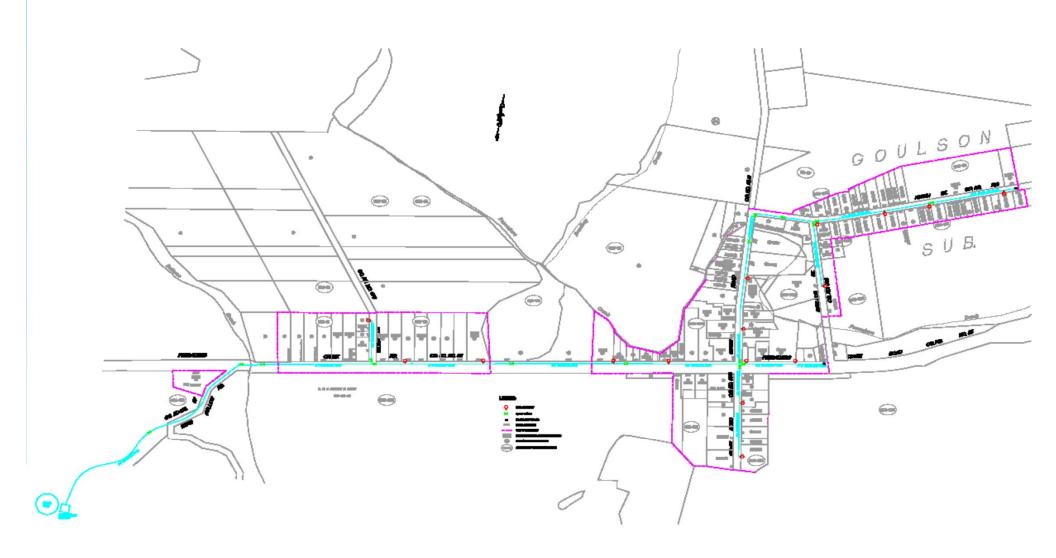
- Reasons for the formation of CSA-11:
  - 40% of private wells were shallow and had high concentration of nitrate and bacteria
  - Community petition.
  - An aquifer of adequate size and quality was available.
- Provides water to 100 customers within CSA-11 boundary:
  - 80 Residential (Single and Multi-Family)
  - 14 Commercial (Stores, Restaurants)
  - 6 Others (Fire Station, School, Church)



### 1. History & Operations of CSA-11

➤ CSA-11 boundaries are contiguous with the Urban/Rural Service Boundary as defined in the General Plan and Local Coastal Program.





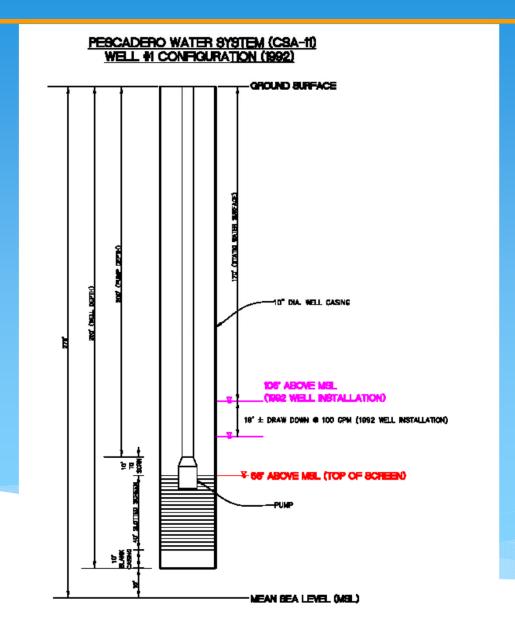


- ➤ Funding for the construction of the CSA-11 water system (\$1.3 Million):
  - California Dept. of Water Resources (DWR)
     Grant of \$400,000
  - DWR loan:
    - \$296,100 loan for 20 years
    - Approximately \$20,475 paid annually
    - Will be paid off by October 2012
  - County General Fund Ioan
  - Property owner assessments

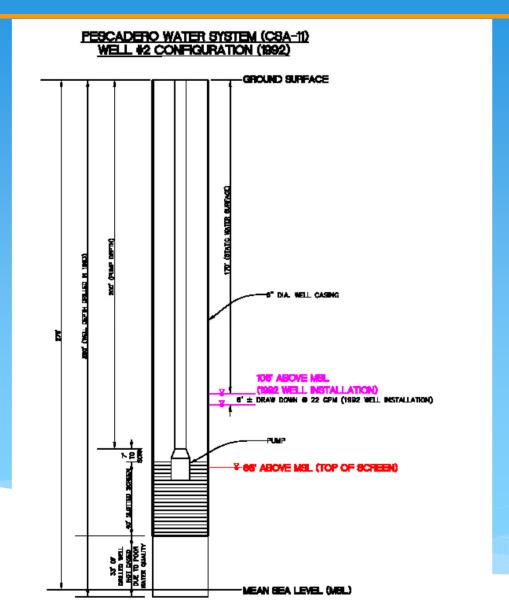


- Well and pump systems constructed and put in operation in 1992:
  - Storage tank 140,000 gallon capacity
  - Well #1 Production well; Drilled and developed in 1992; Pump rate ~ 60 gpm
  - Well #2 Standby/emergency well; Drilled in 1983; Developed in 1992; Pump rate ~ 30 gpm
  - Alarm and telemetry system
  - Cathodic protection for storage tank to prevent corrosion
  - Chlorination building











- Distribution system also constructed and put in operation in 1992:
  - 8" diameter water main 7,960 linear feet
  - 6" diameter water main 2,570 linear feet
  - 4" diameter water main 1,130 linear feet
  - Backflow prevention devices and valves
  - Service laterals and meter boxes
  - 17 fire hydrants



- Administration, Operation, and Maintenance of CSA-11:
  - County Board of Supervisors is the governing body.
  - Regulation compliance oversight California Department of Public Health (County Environmental Health Services prior to July 1, 2011)
    - ✓ Permit to operate
    - ✓ Water quality monitoring and testing



- Administration, Operation, and Maintenance of CSA-11:
  - Department of Public Works provides staff for operation, maintenance and administration of CSA-11, as well as CSA-7.
  - Operator Responsible for operating and maintaining system; must be State certified
  - Office locations:
    - ✓ Redwood City Administration and billing
    - ✓ San Mateo Operation, maintenance and repairs







- ➤ Monday, August 22, 2011:
  - CSA-11 staff began receiving calls at approximately 3:30 PM.
  - Staff arrived at 4:45 PM to find Well #1 pump not operating and storage tank level at 0.70 feet.
  - Pump turned back on at 5:30 PM and pumping water at a rate of 57 gallons per minute (gpm).
  - Staff remained on-site until 9:30 PM.
  - Customers were observed as using water as usual.



- ➤ Tuesday, August 23, 2011:
  - At approx. 6:30 AM, staff received message that there was no water.
  - Well #1 pump had failed. Well #2 pump was put in service but was only pumping at a rate of 5-7 gpm (instead of the rated 30 gpm).
  - State Dept. of Public Health was informed of outage and required boil water notices to be issued. Staff hand delivered notices.
  - Staff worked all day to locate pump, replace pump, add length of intake pipe to lower pump in the well.



- Wednesday, August 24, 2011 through Friday, August 26, 2011
  - New pump for Well #1 was replaced and functioning by 12:00 AM, Wednesday, Aug. 24<sup>th</sup>.
  - Water was treated with chlorine on August 24<sup>th</sup> for disinfection.
  - Samples for chlorine residual were tested at 5 locations on Aug. 24, 25, and 26 to ensure that the State disinfection requirements were met.
  - Bacteriological samples were analyzed 24 hrs. apart on August 24 and 25 (negative results).
  - Boil Water Notice was canceled on August 26.



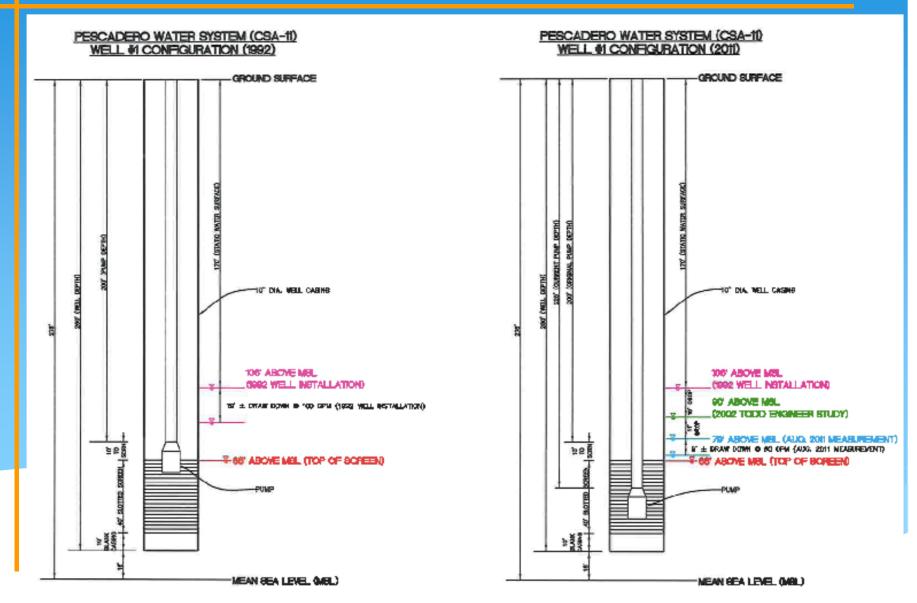
- Costs of water outage:
  - New pump for Well #1 \$5,952.
  - Contractor to remove failed pump and install new pump – \$4,300.
  - Bottled water supply and delivery \$1,996.
  - Portable restrooms \$842.
  - Bacteriological sampling \$240.
  - County staff labor and equipment costs \$17,087.
  - Total costs of event \$30,420 (not including potential payments for claims).



### 3. Findings

- ➤ Well #1:
  - Pump failed due to declining water surface elevation.
- ➤ Well #2:
  - Pump rate was 5-7 gpm below its rated capacity of 30 gpm.







### 3. Findings

- > Alarm System:
  - Originally equipped to dial a pre-programmed phone # when:
    - Storage tank reached a low or high level (adjustable levels).
    - ✓ Power outage.
  - Deactivated for several years as it routinely issued false alarms:
    - ✓ More frequent physical inspections were done instead.
    - ✓ Did not work as intended during power outages when the phone line lost power.



### 3. Findings

- Recommended Actions:
  - Video inspect both wells to determine actual depths – Approx. cost \$17,000.
  - Place pumps at proper depths, based on actual well & water surface depths (as part of video inspection work).
  - Alarm re-activated to monitor power outage and low and high tank levels.



### 4. System Performance

- March 2002 Todd Engineers completed an assessment report on CSA-11:
  - Well #1 was estimated to service the community for 25 years (in service since 1992).
  - Todd Engineers' assessment indicated well failure could occur in 8 to 15 years (between 2010 and 2017).
  - Recommendations included installation of a new, deeper well (100' below sea level), which could increase the aquifer lifespan to 38 years.

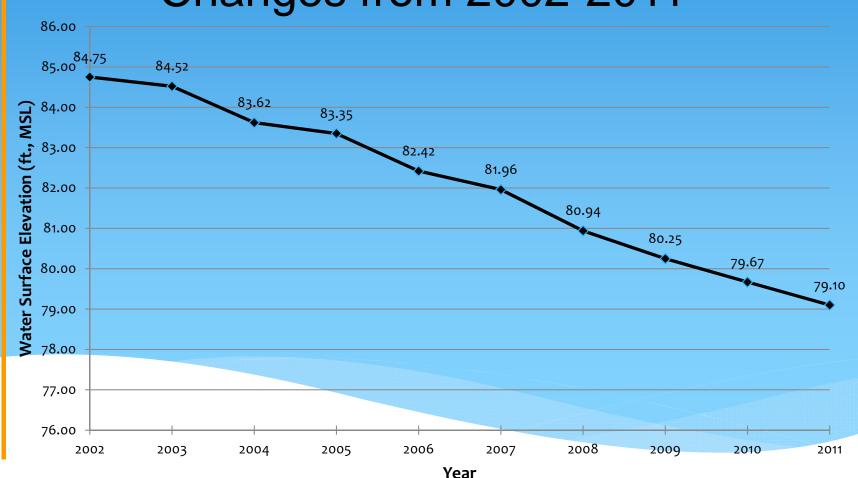


### 4. System Performance

- > Funding for 3<sup>rd</sup> well:
  - In 2002, a USDA grant in the amount of \$135,000 was approved.
  - County General Fund loan of \$165,000 was approved.
  - In 2003, CSA-11 customers surveyed to determine support of constructing the 3<sup>rd</sup> well through rate increases.
  - 92% of surveyed customers did not feel a new well was needed.
  - As a result, DPW declined the \$135,000 USDA grant money in 2004.



# Well #1 Water Surface Elevation Changes from 2002-2011





#### 5. Financial State of CSA-11

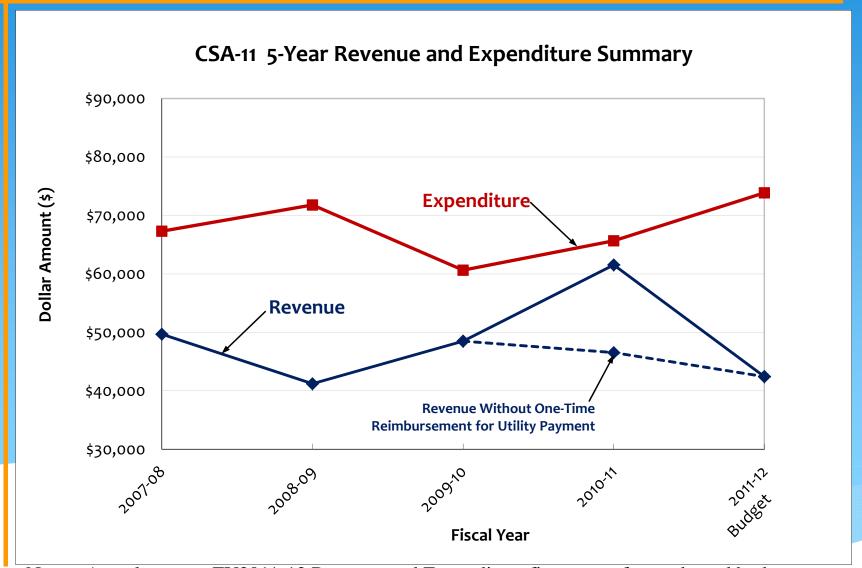
- Independent entity with own separate budget.
- Receives no property taxes because CSA-11 was formed after implementation of Proposition 13.
- Only source of funding is from revenue generated by water sales and monthly service fees.
- Current rates do not support required operation and maintenance activities.



#### 5. Financial State of CSA-11

- > Fund balance as of 6/30/2011 \$43,512.
- Revenue \$46,500 annual average.
- > Average annual expenditures (5-yr avg.)
  - \$66,000 (\$20,475 for loan repayment)
- Cost of August 2011 water outage event:
  - \$30,420 (potential payments for claims not included)





Note – Actuals except FY2011-12 Revenue and Expenditure figures are from adopted budget.



- Current CSA-11 rates (set in 2003):
  - \$22.00 (Monthly Service Fee for 5/8" meter)
  - \$33.00 (Monthly Service Fee for 1-½" meter)
  - \$1.38 for every unit of water used
  - 1 unit equals 100 cubic feet of water
- > Prior rates set in 1992:
  - \$20.00 (Base charge for 5/8" meter)
  - \$30.00 (Base charge for 1-1/2" meter)
  - \$1.25 for every unit of water used



- Proposed rates:
  - Tiered rate structure to encourage conservation.
  - Set for 1 year and evaluate.
- Rates to support:
  - Operations and maintenance of CSA-11.
  - Minimum fund reserves and capital fund.
  - Priorities identified in response to water outage.
  - Long-term capital improvement needs, including addressing limitations of aquifer.

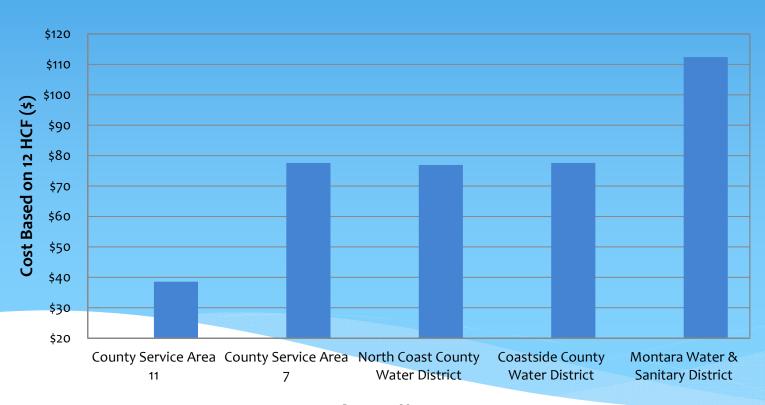


- Priorities:
  - Inspect Well #1, replace intake piping (~\$7,600)
  - Inspect Well #2, replace pump if needed (~\$9,400)
  - Upgrade alarm system (~\$2,000)
  - Inspect cathodic protection system (~\$1,000)
- Long-term Capital Improvements:
  - Limitation of aquifer
  - Additional storage capacity
  - Commercial fire flow capability



#### 6. Water Rates

#### **CSA-11 Rates Compared to Neighboring Agencies**



**Agency Name** 



	CSA - 11		Other Water Agency Rates		
No. of Customers	99		6,583	12,412	1,656
	Current Rate	Proposed Tiered Rates	Coastside County Water	North Coast County Water	Montara Water & Sanitary
5/8" x 3/4" Meter Monthly Service Charge	\$22	\$28	\$15.36	\$24.94	\$20.84
1-1/2" Meter Monthly Service Charge	\$33	\$42	\$74.32	\$44.95	\$37.51
Tier 1 Water Rate (0-8 HCF)	\$1.38	\$2.69	\$5.02	<b>2.53</b> (0-5 HCF)	<b>6.54</b> (0-6 HCF)
Tier 2 Water Rate (9-25 HCF)		\$4.04	\$5.53	<b>5.62</b> (6-16 HCF)	<b>8.72</b> (7-13 HCF)
Tier 3 Water Rate (26-40 HCF)	-	\$5.45	\$7.19	8.04 (17-28 HCF)	10.9 (14-27 HCF)
Tier 4 Water Rate (> 40 HCF)	-	\$7.36	\$8.88	<b>14.75</b> (> 28 HCF)	<b>15.26</b> (> 27 HCF)



### 7. Rate Setting Process

<b>Key Dates</b>	Actions
October 19, 2011	Public meeting to discuss the need for new rates to sustain operations and maintenance activities, comply with regulations.
November 2011	Meet with rate payer representatives.
November 2011	Meetings with rate payers to discuss the proposed rates, factors involved in establishing rates, and seek rate payer input.
January 2012	Adopt resolution setting place, date, and time of public hearing to consider proposed water rates.
January 2012	Send Prop 218 notice (45 days prior to public hearing) to rate
January 2012	payers with proposed rates.
February 2012	Hold public hearing and adopt resolution setting rates.



#### 8. Options for Service Provision

- Contract services
- > DPW to continue to provide services
- Shared services with other water agencies in the area
- Develop a community based and operated water system
- Acquisition by other water system operators
- > Other options that may be available to us



#### Thank You!

Questions and comments?